

P.S.C. Miscellaneous Exam. - 2006

PART - II

BENGALI

Time Allowed: 1.5 Hours

Full Marks: 150

১। দেশের ঐতিহাসিক ও পুরাতাত্ত্বিক ঐতিহ্য সংরক্ষণ সম্পর্কে আপনার সুনিশ্চিত অভিমত জানিয়ে একটি প্রতিবেদন রচনা করুন। [80]

অথবা

দ্রব্যমূল্য বৃদ্ধি পাচ্ছে-তার ব্যাপকতা ও প্রতিরোধ সম্পর্কে আপনার মতামত একটি প্রতিবেদন আকারে জানান।

২। নীচের অনুচ্ছেদ দুটি বাংলা ভাষায় অনুবাদ করুন:

[২০+২০ = ৪০]

(a) The labour market shows two clear gender characteristics. First women rarely take over men's job by undercutting them. Men, too, despite high unemployment, do not usually undercut women. The terms of competition in this labour market are somewhat differently determined. The gender composition of a work force is primarily subject to male decision-making. Male workers exert control over women's labour through familiar relationship (wife/daughter) and acquire flexibility for jobs that are lucrative and where such flexibility is desired. Employers can not use women workers to undercut overly demanding male labour by direct replacement. Also, men resist women's job. However, if the terms of the jobs improve, men do lay claim to women's job.

(b) Tagore reached Buenos Aires on the evening of Thursday, 6th Nov., 1924. It was reported that he was suffering from acute influenza and no visitors were allowed in his room in Hotel Plaza. I was dying to see my idol and I headed for Hotel Plaza accompanied by my friend Adelia. A tall Englishman with blue eyes received us in the hall on the ground floor of the hotel. He said his name was Leonard Elmhirst and he was Tagore's secretary. He told us that the doctors who had examined Tagore found his heart rather weak and came to the conclusion he was not in a condition to stand the journey across the Andes to Lisa. They advised him complete rest. Even today I do not know what prompted me to suggest to Elmhirst that I would be happy to place a country home at the disposal of the poet where he could rest and recuperate.

৩। নীচের গদ্যাংশটি নিজের ভাষায় সংক্ষেপে লিখুন:

[80]

ভারতবর্ষ তার দুর্গতিদুর্গের যে রুদ্ধদ্বারে শতাব্দীর পর শতাব্দী যাপন করেছে-আপনার ধর্মকে সমাজকে, আপনার আচার-ব্যবহারকে কেবলমাত্র আপনার কৃত্রিম গণ্ডির মধ্যে বেষ্টিত করে বসে রয়েছে-সেই দ্বার বাইরের পৃথিবীর প্রবল আঘাতে আজ ভেঙে গেছে। আজ আমরা সকলের কাছে প্রকাশিত হয়ে পড়েছি, সকলের সঙ্গে আজ আমাদের নানারকম ব্যবহারে আসতে হয়েছে। আজ আমাদের সেখানে চরিত্রের দীনতা, জ্ঞানের সংকীর্ণতা, হৃদয়ের সংকোচ, যেখানে যুক্তিহীন আচারের দ্বারা আমাদের শক্তিপ্রয়োগের পথ পদে পদে বাধাগ্রস্ত হয়ে উঠেছে, সেখানেই লোকব্যবহারে ও দেবতার উপাসনায় মানুষের সঙ্গে মানুষের দুর্ভেদ্য ব্যবধান আমাদের শতখণ্ড করে দিচ্ছে, সেখানেই আমাদের আঘাতের পর আঘাত, লজ্জার পর লজ্জা পেতে হচ্ছে সেখানেই অকৃতার্থতা বারম্বার আমাদের সমস্ত চেষ্টাকে ধূলিসাৎ করে দিচ্ছে এবং সেখানে প্রবল বেগে চলনশীল মানবস্রোতের অভিঘাত সহ্য করিতে না পেরে আমরা মুর্ছিত হয়ে পড়ে যাচ্ছি। এই রকম সময়ই যে-সকল মহাপুরুষ আমাদের

দেশে মঙ্গলের জয়ধ্বজা বহন করে আবির্ভূত হবেন, তাঁদের ব্রতই হবে জীবনের সাধনার ও সিদ্ধির মধ্যে সত্যের সেই বৃহৎ সামঞ্জস্যকে সমুজ্জ্বল করে তোলা যাতে করে এখনকার জনসমাজের সেই সাংঘাতিক বিপ্লিষ্টতা দূর হবে। বিপ্লিষ্টতা এ দেশে অন্তরের সঙ্গে বাইরের, আচারের সঙ্গে ধর্মের, জ্ঞানের সঙ্গে ভক্তির, বিচার শক্তির সঙ্গে বিশ্বাসের, মানুষের সঙ্গে মানুষের প্রবল বিচ্ছেদ ঘটিয়ে আমাদের মনুষ্যত্বকে শতজীর্ণ করে ফেলেছে।

৪। (ক) অশুদ্ধি সংশোধন করুন : [১০]

উৎকৃষ্টতা, প্রতিযোগীতা, আকাংখা, বচনবাগিশ, ভ্রাতৃপ্রেম

(খ) পদ পরিবর্তন করুন: [১০]

পশু, মর্ত ত্রিমাত্রিক, দুর্লভঘ্যতা, সন্নিহিত

(গ) সন্ধি বিচ্ছেদ করুন : [১০]

জগজ্জননী, মুন্সয়, প্রাতরাশ, চতুর্বেদ, সম্মান।

PART - II
ENGLISH

Time Allowed: 1.5 Hours

Full Marks: 150

Candidates who have offered Hindi or Urdu or Nepali in lieu of Bengali in their applications, should attempt Question No. 1 as given in the additional sheet of questions Paper which may be had on demand at the Examination Hall.

1. Translate the following passages into English. **[20+20 = 40]**

(a) ভ্রমণকারীদের কাছে মায়ানমার স্বর্ণভূমি নামে পরিচিত। অবিশ্বাস্য সব সুবর্ণমণ্ডিত প্যাগোডা আছে এখানে। সবচেয়ে দর্শনীয় হল ইয়াংগনের শোয়েডাগন প্যাগোডা। আধ্যাত্মবাদী ঝাঁক যাদের নেই, তাদের কাছে আড়াই হাজার বছরের প্রাচীন এই বৌদ্ধ মন্দিরের আবহ অপরিহার্য। মায়ানমারের প্রতিটি বোম্বের আশা, জীবনে অন্তত একবার এই তীর্থ দর্শনে আসবেন। কথিত আছে, এই স্তূপে ভগবান বুদ্ধের আটটি কেশ আছে। তিপ্পান টন স্বর্ণপত্রে এই স্তূপ আবৃত এবং এই চূড়া পাঁচ হাজার হীরাকে অন্যান্য তিন হাজার মণিতে খচিত বলে প্রবাদ। ইয়াংগনের পথনির্দেশক শোয়েডাগন। শহরের বেশির ভাগ অঞ্চল থেকেই এই মহিমাময় প্যাগোডা দেখা যায়। কিন্তু সামরিক শাসনের জন্য ভ্রমণকেন্দ্র হিসাবে মায়ানমারের বিকাশ বাধাগ্রস্ত।

(b) বিজ্ঞান পড়ার অনুমতি না পেয়ে সে ক্ষুব্ধ হয়েছিল। তারপর স্কুল অব ইকনমিক্সের বাইরের ছাত্রী হিসাবে অর্থনীতি ও সমাজতত্ত্বের লেকচার শুনেছে। বিষয় যাই হোক বিদ্যা তো বটে। বিদ্যার জন্যে সে একপ্রকার বুভুক্ষুবোধ করেছিল। বই হাতে পেলে গ্রাস করতে অধীর হয়, মন দিয়ে নোট লিখে নেয়, অন্যের কাছ থেকে নোট চেয়ে নিয়ে মেলায়। বই পড়তে পড়তে সে ভাবে, আহা জ্ঞানের মতো আনন্দ আর নেই! বেহালা শুনতে শুনতে তার মনে হয়, কী মুক্তি! সাঁতার কাটতে কাটতে তার বলতে সাধ যায়, দেহ আমার এমনি লঘুভার যদি সব সময় হত! এমনি কত রকম আবিষ্কার তাকে মতিয়ে রেখেছিল।

2. Write a report in not more than 200 words on a blood-donation camp organized in your locality, basing it on the following points. The report should be factual and your identity should not be disclosed anywhere. **[40]**

Points: Why blood-banks require blood - their dependence on blood donation camps - the scarcity increases in summer - NGO's who organise such camps - whether regularly held - how far sufferings of patients are erased.

[N.B.: Write A. B. C. etc. in place of your name, address etc., if necessary]

3. Write a Precis of the following in about eighty words. **[40]**

To be travelling through the middle of the city as great, historic and forlorn as Istanbul and yet to feel the freedom of the open sea that is thrill of a trip along the Bosphorus. Pushed along by the strong currents, ingorated by the sea air that bears so trace of the dirt, smoke and noise of the crowded city that summounds it the travellers begins to feel in spite of everything, this is still a place in which he can enjoy solitude and find freedom. This waterway that possess through the centre of the city is not to be confused with the canals of Amsterdam or Venice the rivers that divide Paris and Rome in two strong currents run through the Bosphorus, its surface is always ruffled by wind and waves and its waters are deep and dark. If you have the current behind you, if you are following intinerary of a city ferry, you will see apartment buildings, old ladies watching you from balconies as they sip their tea,

coffee houses perched on landing stations, children in their under-wear entering the sea just where the sewers empty into it and sunning themselves on the concrete. people fishing from the shore. others lazing on their yachts. travellers gazing out of the sea through bus windows while stuck in traffic, tall apartment buildings looming in the background, and slowly, in the distance. Istanbul in all its confusion-mosques poor Quarters bridges, minarets and towers.

4. Choose one of the two words within brackets following each sentence and fill it the blank within it with the selected words: [6]

- (a) Birds faint _____ the night and go south in the winter. (of, during)
- (b) It brought _____ his mind the turbid ebb and flow of human misery. (into, across)
- (c) Ignorant armies clash _____ night. (by, at)
- (d) Strove _____ none. for none was worth my strife. (with, against)

5. Make sentences with the following:

- (a) Apply for (b) Submitted to (c) On the basis of (d) As though (e) So far as

6. Rewrite the following passage with punctuation mark and capital letters where necessary.

i can not give you anything concrete at the moment he insisted there are too many other prioritics

7. Rewrite the following as directed:

- (a) Give the synonyms of the following words: author, peruse, wrath, interred
- (b) "Think about why this case cause to us", suggested Bryant. (Use indirect form of narration)
- (c) The doctor was consulted. (Use the noun 'advice' to rewrite the sentence without changing the meaning)
- (d) Should Amir Khan has commented on the Narmada issue? (Correct the sentence)
- (e) One of the boy has failed. (Correct the sentence)

PART - II
GENERAL STUDIES AND ARITHMETIC

Time Allowed: 1.5 Hours

Full Marks: 150

Group A: 100 Marks | Group B: 50 Marks

Separate Answer Books to be used for Group A and Group B.

(In case a candidate writes answer to questions on Group B in the answer book meant for Group A and vice-versa, such answers will not be evaluated.)

If the questions attempted are in excess of the prescribed number, only the questions attempted first up to the prescribed number shall be valued and the remaining ones ignored.

GROUP-A
General Studies

Answer may be written in English or in Bengali or in Nepali but all the answers must be in one and the same language.

Part-I

Answer question No. 1 and any two from the rest.

1. Comment on the recently concluded Indo-US Nuclear Deal with special reference to the 123 agreement.
2. Discuss the 195 day space Odyssey of Sunita Williams and her safe return.
3. Outline the Major highlights of the Report to the people 2004-2007. released by the United Progressive Alliance Govt.. to mark the completion of three years of UPA Govt. in May. 2007.
4. Discuss India's Missile Development Programme.
5. Write a note on the new wonders of the world.
6. Discuss the extent and impact of Child Abuse in India.
7. Is judiciary over-reaching itself?
8. Discuss Terrorist Activities of Osama-Bin-Laden.
9. Write a short note on the election of Uttar Pradesh this year (2007).
10. Discuss about unemployment problem of West Bengal.

GROUP-B

Arithmetic

11. (a) A manufacturer makes 800 articles at a cost of Rs. 1.50 per article. He fixes the selling price such that if only 600 articles are sold, he would make a profit of 30% on his outlay. However, he sold 620 articles at this price. Find his actual profit percent of the total outlay, assuming that the unsold articles are useless.

(b) A pan contains 200 litres mixture of milk and water in which the quantity of water is $12\frac{1}{2}\%$ in total. What quantity of water should be added to the said mixture further so to get the water content of the mixture as $37\frac{1}{2}\%$. **[5+5=10]**

12. (a) A and B started a business jointly. A advanced Rs. 5000 and after 4 months gave another Rs. 3000. B advanced Rs. 8000 but after 8 months withdrew Rs. 2500. If the profit at the end of the year be Rs. 5100, find the amount each will get.

(b) A and B together can do a piece of work in 12 days while B and C together can do in 16 days. After A has been working at it for 5 days and B for 7 days. C takes up and finishes it alone in 13 days. In how many days could each do the work by himself?

13. (a) Two pipes can separately fill a tank in 20 hrs. and 30 hrs. respectively. Both the pipes are opened to fill the tank but when the tank is $\frac{1}{3}$ full, a leak develops in the tank through which $\frac{1}{3}$ of the water supplied by both the pipes leak out. What is the total time taken to fill the tank?

(b) In an election 75% of the voters cast their votes out of which 2% are rejected. If the successful candidate secures 9261 votes, which is 75% of the total valid votes. determine the total no. of the voters in that centre. **[5+5=10]**

14. (a) 3 men and 4 boys can earn Rs. 756 in 7 days. 11 men and 13 boys can earn Rs. 3008 in 8 days. In what time will 7 men with 9 boys earn Rs. 2480?

(b) In a mixture of three varieties of tea, the ratio of their weights is 4 : 5 : 8. If 5 kg tea of the first variety, 10 kg tea of the second variety and some quantity of tea of the third variety are added to the mixture, the ratio of the weights of three varieties of tea becomes as 5 : 7 : 9. Find the quantity of the third variety of tea in the final mixture. **[5+5=10]**

15. (a) Jayantababu borrowed a sum of money from a nationalised bank at 12% simple interest per annum and the same amount at 10% simple interest per annum both for the same period. He cleared the first loan 6 months before the scheduled date of repayment and repaid the second loan just at the end of the scheduled period. If in each case he had to pay Rs. 3250 as amount then how much and for what time did he borrow?

(b) A train overtakes two persons who are walking in the same directions as the train is moving, at the rate of 2 km/hr and 4 km/hr and passed them completely in 9 and 10 seconds respectively. Find the speed and the length of the train. **[5+5=10]**

16. (a) The ratio of land to water for the whole of the Earth is 1 : 2 and 2 : 3 in the northern hemisphere. Find out the ratio of water to land in the southern hemisphere.

(b) A man purchases a plot of land for Rs. 36000. He sells $\frac{1}{3}$ of the land at a loss of 20% and $\frac{2}{5}$ of the land at a gain of 25%. At what percent profit or loss must he sell the remaining land so as to make an overall profit of 10%.

17. (a) In order to attract more spectators, the exhibition authority reduce the per head entrance fee of 25 paise by 20%. As a result daily income of the authority increases by 28% on the sale of tickets. Determine the rate percentage of increase in the number of spectators.

(b) One aeroplane started 30 minutes later than the scheduled time from a place 150 km away from its destination. To reach the destination at the scheduled time the pilot had to increase the speed by 250 km/hr. What was the speed of the aeroplane per hour during the journey? **[5+5=10]**